Statement

State-wise unemployment rates

S.No.	States/Union Territories	State wise unemployment rate* 1999- -2000			
		Rural		Urban	
		Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1.2	0.7	4.2	4.2
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	0.9	0.1	1.4	10.0
3.	Assam	4.7	11.9	9.1	22.3
4.	Bihar	2.4	0.6	7.6	9.4
5.	Goa	7.0	18.7	15.3	35.2
6.	Gujarat	0.8	0.3	2.1	2.6
7.	Haryana	1.3	0.5	2.7	4.6
8.	Himachal Pradesh	3.0	1.8	6.3	11.8
9.	Jammu and Kashmir	2.6	7.1	4.7	12.8
10.	Karnataka	1.0	0.3	3.0	4.7
11.	Kerala	7.6	19.7	6.9	26.4
12.	Madhya Pradesh	0.7	0.2	4.3	1.6
13.	Maharashtra	2.4	1.1	6.1	7.8
14.	Manipur	2.4	2.5	7.4	10.3
15.	Meghalaya	0.5	0.3	3.4	6.8
16.	Mizoram	2.1	0.5	4.4	2.6
17.	Nagaland	3.0	3.8	9.3	10.8
18.	Orissa	3.1	1.6	7.2	6.7
19.	Punjab	2.3	6.2	3.1	3.5
20.	Rajasthan	0.8	0.2	2.7	3.7
21.	Sikkim	3.5	2.0	*6.7*	10.0
22.	Tamil Nadu	3.0	1.2	3.9	5.8
23.	Tripura	0.8	4.6	5.5	8.8
24.	Uttar Pradesh	1.3	0.6	4.5	4.6

1	2	3	4	5	6
25.	West Bengal	3.4	3.8	7.7	11.1
26.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	3.3	7.6	3.8	23.9
27.	Chandigarh	1.0	—	3.9	14.4
28.	D and N Haveli	1.6	—	1.6	—
29.	Daman and Diu	1.3	—	1.4	8.3
30.	Delhi	3.9	26.0	3.2	5.3
31.	Lakshadweep	10.9	52.9	8.2	26.3
32.	Pondicherry	4.7	2.6	3.5	6.9
	All India	2.1	1.5	4.8	7.1

* As per usual status approach Unemployment rate is the percentage of unemployed with reference to Labour Force.

Social security for unorganised workers

† 3052. SHRI LAJPAT RAI:
SHRI RAJIV RANJAN SINGH 'LALAN':

Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(c) whether it is a fact that the labour class particularly unorganised sector was promised to be brought within the social security circle in the budget of financial year 2001 -2002;

(d) if so, whether Government have implemented any scheme so far, to fulfil this promise; and

(e) if so, the details thereof togetherwith the amount spent thereon till March, 2003?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI VIJAY GOEL): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The Government has launched Krishi Shramik Samajik SurakashaYojana-2001 with effect from 1.7.2001 through Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) in 50 identified Districts.The scheme envisages

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

to provide life-cum-accident insurance, money back, pension and superannuation benefits. The worker is required to contribute Rs. 1/- per day or Rs. 365/- per year and the contribution of the Government is Re. 2/ - per day or Rs. 730/- per year per worker. According to reports received from LIC about two lakh agricultural workers have been covered under the scheme as on 31.1.2003.

Workers engaged in asbestos cement products

3053. SHRI RAMACHANDRA KHUNTIA: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have taken note of a recent survey, conducted by the International Labour Organisation (ILO), which states that asbestos is responsible for death of a lakh of workers annually across the world;

(a) if so, the number of workers at present engaged in manufacturing of asbestos cement products in the country; and

(b) the steps taken by Government for protection of workers at workplace from exposure to asbestos?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI VIJAY GOEL): (a) The Government have not received any such report from International Labour Organisation (ILO).

( ) As per the details collected by Labour Bureau, Shimla about 8321 workers are engaged in the manufacture of asbestos cement and other cement products.

(a) The manufacture, handling and processing of asbestos and tis product has been brought under the category of hazardous processes as given in the First Schedule under the Factories Act, 1948 and thus the provisions under Chapter IV-A of the Factories Act relating to hazardous processes become applicable to this class of industry.

The State Government have framed rules under Section 87 and Schedule on Handling and Processing of Asbestos, Manufacture of any Article of asbestos and any other process of manufacture or otherwise in which asbestos is used in any form has been notified by them on the